

ЯЗЫКОВАЯ КУЛЬТУРА МУЗЫКАНТА

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Meet the Famous Composers

Part 1



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Учебно-методическое пособие предназначено для развития профессионально ориентированной иноязычной компетенции студентов музыкальных специальностей вузов и ссузов.

Материалы пособия подобраны с учетом требований уровней владения языком А2 и В1 (CEFR), а также программных требований дисциплин «Иностранный язык» и «Профессиональное общение на иностранном языке».

Цель пособия – овладение профессионально ориентированным иностранным языком.

Пособие состоит из 8 уроков, каждый из которых включает 3 тематических текста, контрольно-обучающие и творческие задания.

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The textbook is intended for music students developing their foreign language for professional purposes.

The education materials meet the requirements of CEFR Levels A2 / B1, as well as those of Russian academic programmes for disciplines «Foreign language» and «Foreign language for professional communication».

The textbook consists of 8 units. Each unit presents three texts on music followed by communication activities.

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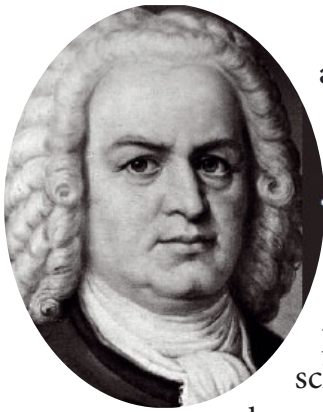
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UNIT 1

Johann Sebastian Bach



Johann Sebastian Bach was born in Eisenach, Germany, into a large family of musicians in 1685. His father played the violin. Other relatives were fiddlers, music copyists, town pipers, and played the oboe or organ. It was no wonder that Bach grew up loving music.

Bach's parents died when he was 10 years old. He went to live with his oldest brother, Christoph, who taught him to play the harpsichord and organ. During this time Bach went to school where his boy soprano voice was admired. When his voice changed, he studied the violin, but soon became interested in the organ and decided to pursue church music. At the age of 18, he became organist at Arnstadt and began composing.

When he was 22, Bach moved to Muhlhausen and married Maria Barbara Bach. They had seven children. He was known as an outstanding church musician and excellent organist and was appointed court organist and violinist to the Duke of Weimar. He stayed in Weimar for nine years, and during this time Bach composed some of his finest organ music, including the great *Tocatta* and *Fugue in D Minor* as well as church cantatas and keyboard suites.

In 1717, when he was 32, Bach accepted the post of master of music to Prince Leopold of Anhalt-Cothen. While there he composed much of his orchestral music including the six popular *Brandenburg Concertos* and works for the clavichord and harpsichord. Bach's wife, Maria, died in 1720, and in 1721 he married the beautiful Anna Magdalena Wulken, who was a good singer and musician. Bach had 13 more children with her and taught most of his children to play a musical instrument. He composed a *Little Book for the Keyboard* for his nine-year-old son, Wilhelm Friedemann. Wilhelm grew up to be a respected performer and composer in his own right, as did several of Bach's sons.

In 1723, Bach accepted the post of music director of St. Thomas's School in Leipzig. Here he composed many of his most famous choral works, including his *Christmas Oratorio* and the *St. Matthew Passion*.

Johann Sebastian Bach

Bach was deeply religious and a devoted family man. His music was signed «S.D.G». (Soli Deo Gloria) which means «to the glory of God». He spent many musical evenings with his family, and boasted he could form a vocal and instrumental ensemble just from his family alone.

Bach became blind in 1749 and died in 1750. Johann Sebastian Bach is considered to be one of the greatest masters of the Baroque period.

1. Read and translate the text using a dictionary if necessary.

2. Match the following Russian words and phrases with the English equivalents.

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. родиться в большой семье 2. играть на скрипке 3. уличный скрипач 4. переписчик нот 5. неудивительно 6. дискант 7. восхищаться 8. заняться церковной музыкой 9. в возрасте 18 лет 10. выдающийся церковный музыкант 11. получить пост (2 варианта) 12. сюита для клавира
 13. произведения для клавикорда и клавесина 14. произведения для хора 15. глубоко религиозный человек 16. преданный семьянин 17. хвастаться 18. ансамбль 19. ослепнуть 20. считаться одним из величайших композиторов барочной музыки | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. a music copyist b. boy soprano voice c. to be appointed court organist d. an outstanding church musician e. a keyboard suite f. a deeply religious man g. to be born into a large family h. an ensemble i. to pursue church music j. to boast k. a fiddler l. to be considered to be one of the greatest masters of the Baroque period m. to become blind
 n. a devoted family man o. to play the violin p. choral works q. to accept the post of master of music r. to admire s. at the age of 18 t. no wonder
 u. works for clavichord and harpsichord |
|---|--|

3. Give the synonyms and antonyms.

Words and word combinations	Synonyms	Antonyms
1. to love music		
2. to admire		
3. to become interested in		
4. outstanding		
5. excellent		
6. including		
7. devoted		
8. to boast		
9. popular		
10. to marry		

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4. Complete the table.

Infinitive present	Past Simple	Participle II
1. to bear	bore	born
2.	grew	
3.		gone
4. to teach		
5.	became	
6.	began	
7. to know		
8.		done
9. to spend		
10		been

5. Unscramble the following words.

1. cimunais
2. drefild
3. booe
4. psihadorchr
5. nagor
6. niovli
7. tatanac
8. tiseu
9. gufue
10. viclodrach

6. Check your comprehension by filling in the blanks with suitable words or word combinations.

1. Johann Sebastian Bach was born in _____ .
 A. France B. Russia C. Germany D. Holland
2. Bach's parents died when he was 10 years old. He went _____ .
 A. to the boarding school B. to live with his oldest brother
 C. for a walk D. shopping
3. At the age of 18, he _____ .
 A. began composing B. married Maria Barbara
 C. wrote his great *Toccat*a and *Fugue in D Minor* D. stopped composing music
4. When Bach was 22, he _____ .
 A. went to Weimar to study law B. was appointed court organist and violinist
 C. divorced from his wife D. stopped composing music
5. Being master of music to Prince Leopold of Anhalt-Cothen, Bach _____ .
 A. formed a vocal and instrumental ensemble B. moved to another country
 C. composed much of his orchestral music D. went to live with his oldest brother

Johann Sebastian Bach

6. He composed a *Little Book for the Keyboard* _____ .
A. to sell it and earn money B. for his youngest daughter
C. for his pupils D. for his nine-year-old son, Wilhelm Friedemann
7. Bach became _____ in 1749.
A. fat B. blind C. deaf D. a singer

7. Choose the correct form.

1. It was no wonder that Bach _____ loving music.
A. grew up B. was grown
C. grew up to be D. has grown up to be
2. Bach _____ the organ and decided to pursue church music.
A. became interested in B. became interested at
C. became interesting in D. became interesting at
3. Bach _____ as an outstanding church musician and excellent organist.
A. has been known B. has known
C. was known D. knew
4. Johann Sebastian Bach lived in Weimar for nine years where he composed some of his finest organ music, _____ the great *Toccat*a and *Fugue in D Minor*.
A. excluding B. included C. excluded D. including
5. Bach's son grew up to be a _____ performer.
A. respecting B. respect C. respectable D. respected
6. In Leipzig Bach composed many of his _____ choral works.
A. more famous B. most famous C. less famous D. the famous
7. Johann Sebastian Bach _____ one of the greatest masters of the Baroque period.
A. consider to be B. is considered to being
C. is considered be D. is considered to be

8. Complete the sentences with necessary prepositions.

1. Johann Sebastian Bach was born _____ a large family _____ musicians _____ 1685.
2. It was no wonder that Bach grew _____ loving music.
3. When his voice changed, he studied the violin, but soon became interested _____ the organ and decided to pursue church music.
4. _____ the age _____ 18, he became organist _____ Arnstadt and began composing.
5. _____ the age _____ 22, Bach moved _____ Muhlhausen and married _____ Maria Barbara Bach.
6. He was known _____ an outstanding church musician and excellent organist.

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7. He stayed _____ Weimar _____ nine years.
8. _____ 1717, when he was 32, Bach accepted the post _____ master _____ music _____ Prince Leopold _____ Anhalt-Cothen.
9. He composed a *Little Book _____ the Keyboard _____* his nine-year-old son, Wilhelm Friedemann.
10. He spent many musical evenings _____ his family.

9. Complete the sentences.

1. Bach's relatives were _____ .
2. Bach lived with _____ .
3. Johann Sebastian Bach was interested in _____ .
4. In Anhalt-Cothen Bach wrote _____ .
5. His wife Anna Magdalena Wulken was _____ .
6. Wilhelm Friedemann grew up _____ .
7. Johann Sebastian Bach was the music director _____ .
8. Bach signed _____ .
9. Bach formed an _____ .
10. Johann Sebastian Bach became _____ and _____ .

10. Translate the following sentences into English.

1. Иоганн Себастьян Бах родился в большой музыкальной семье в 1685 году.
2. Когда Баху было 10 лет, его родители умерли.
3. Старший брат научил Баха играть на клавесине и органе.
4. В школе Бах научился играть на скрипке и позже занялся церковной музыкой.
5. В возрасте 22 лет Иоганн Себастьян Бах женился на Марии Барбаре, и они переехали в Мюльхаузен.
6. Получив пост придворного органиста и скрипача, Бах прожил в Веймаре девять лет.
7. В возрасте 32 лет Бах был назначен придворным капельмейстером князя Леопольда Ангальт-Кётенского.
8. Для своего сына Иоганн Себастьян Бах сочинил «Органную книжечку».
9. Бах был глубоко религиозным и преданным семьянином.
10. Иоганн Себастьян Бах считается одним из величайших композиторов эпохи Барокко.